NORDIC COASTAL CLEAN-UP 2018
DATA CARD

Monitoring method

A standard monitoring method makes it possible to compare results across borders, and gain knowledge and understanding about typical litter types on beaches, as well as their sources. **Preferably, each participating country monitors three beaches, where each type of beach surrounding is represented**. However, this is not mandatory.

Plotting area to monitor
Determine beach **surroundings** and **geography**, meaning whether the beach is near populated areas, and whether it is located in the western, eastern, southern or northern part of the country. Measure approximately 100 meters in lenght going alongside the waterline. Determine where the waterline ends at high tide, and measure 10 meters from this point going toward land.

Counting items
In addition to counting the number of each litter type, you should also estimate the total weight picked in kilograms. One trash bag (120 liters) is approximately 10 kg. When you state hours spent, remember to multiply hours with the number of participants.

In some areas, there will be huge amounts of litter. This can be especially challenging to monitor if the litter is microsized. We will suggest that you consentrate on macro (>25 mm) litter, but please feel free to monitor in the way you prefer.

HOLD DANMARK RENT

hold Norge rent

HÅLL SVERIGE RENT.

LANDVERND

PIDÄ SAARISTO SIISTINÄ RY · HÅLL SKÄRGÅRDEN REN R.F.

NORDIC COASTAL CLEAN-UP 2018

DATA CARD

Date of monotoring: _____

Beach surroundings
- ☐ URBAN
- ☐ PERI-URBAN
- ☐ RURAL

Geography
- ☐ WEST COAST
- ☐ EAST COAST
- ☐ SOUTH COAST
- ☐ NORTH COAST

Location and type

Name of beach: _____

County/region/province: _____

_____

Municipality: _____

Type: _____
(e.g. "rocky" or "sandy")

Aggregated data

☐ **KILOGRAMS***
*One trash bag is approximately 10 kilos

☐ **HOURS SPENT****
* Multiply hours spent with number of participants

☐ **NUMBER OF PARTICIPANTS**

Indicate the number of each litter type below:

☐ Rope	☐ Plastic bottles
☐ Plastic bags	☐ Aluminum drinking boxes
☐ Cigarette butts and snus	☐ Foamed plastic and Styrofoam
☐ Fish nets	☐ Wood
☐ Food packaging/wrappers, disposable tableware in plastic	☐ Sanitary waste (e.g. q-tips, wet wipes, tampon applicators)

☐ Metal bottle caps, lids and pull tabs	☐ Paper and cardboard
☐ Metal (other)	☐ Rubber (e.g. tires, shoe soles)
☐ Lumps of paraffin	☐ Textile (e.g. clothing, cloth, shoes)
☐ Glass and ceramics	☐ Electronics
☐ Litter sourced overseas*	☐ Unidentified plastic pieces

(*PLEASE NOTE! Overseas items are counted twice, both as "sourced overseas" and as their item category (e.g. "bottle"))

Comments